

Annual Accounts and Audit Opinion

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At a glance





£49k surplus

- Covid meant an additional £3.1m of income was received by the Trust to cover testing and vaccination programmes
- £3.4m was received from the Elective Recovery Fund as the Trust worked to reduce waiting lists
- Spent over £16m on capital on buildings, equipment and digital programmes.







Group Statement of Comprehensive Income	2021/22 - £'000	NHS Foundation Trust 2020/21 - £'000
Income		
From clinical activities	278,480	243,623
Other operating income	39,252	51,672
Total Operating Income	317,732	295,295
Operating Expenses	(311,781)	(289,341)
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)	5,951	5,954
Finance income	309	287
Public Dividend Capital payable	(4,073)	(3,322)
Other finance costs	(3,322)	(2,122)
Net Finance Costs	(5,766)	(5,157)
Revaluation gains (+) / losses (-) on assets	189	1,261
Fair value gains (+) / losses (-) on investments	65	93
Total Retained Surplus / (Deficit)	439	2,151
Retained Surplus / (Deficit) for the year for SFT only	49	78



We spent £198m

on pay last year

Including

£49.6m Doctors ŶŶŶŶŶŶŶŶŶŶŶŶŶŶŶŶ

£49.1m

Nurses and Midwives



£45.3m

Clinical Support Staff



£22.7m

Admin and Clerical



We spent

£113m

on non pay last year

Including

£25.9m

On clinical supplies



On drugs

£15.5m

On our premises

£4.9m

On general supplies

£13.7m

On depreciation of our buildings and equipment

£8.2m

On Clinical Negligence scheme







Capital spend highlights



- Over the last year we have invested more than £16m in SFT.
- ✓ Medical equipment £3.8m
- ✓ Building and maintenance £7.4m
- ✓ Digital systems & technology £5.2m



Of this, £3.3m was funded through national programmes, and £0.7m through charitable donations.

Looking ahead: 2022/23 and beyond



The financial and operational challenges being faced by the NHS are well-publicised.

- Challenge of responding to the planned case backlogs created by the pandemic, in the context of ever increasing pressure on emergency pathways
- A largely fixed funding settlement being eroded by high levels of inflation.
- These factors result in a planned deficit of £12.4m but working with system partners to address
- Capital funding remain a significant challenge with aging equipment and estate, alongside a forward looking digital agenda

